# Faculty and Student Attitudes Towards Attendance Policies in Baccalaureate Nursing Programs

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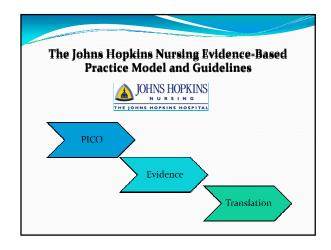


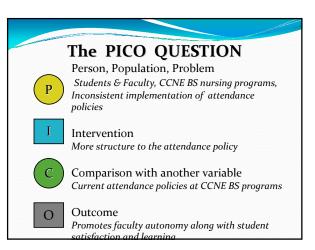
York College of Pennsylvania

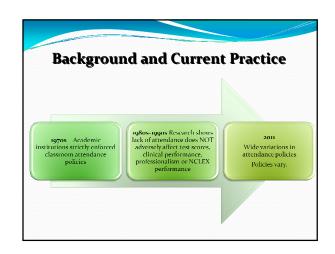


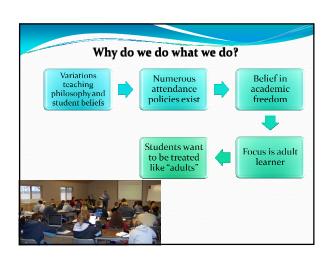
### **Objectives**

- Define the current issues regarding attendance policies in CCNE accredited baccalaureate nursing programs across the United States.
- 2. Describe the EBP process used by the investigators.
- 3. State the EBP question.
- Share faculty and student perspectives on attendance policies.
- List three EBP recommendations for addressing attendance issues.









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Our Current Practice		
James Madison University	May miss 4 classes without penalty, if more than that then points are deducted based on professor discretion	
Jefferson University	May miss 2 classes without penalty, if more than that then points are deducted based on professor discretion	
Messiah College	Open –Students may come and go as they please including walk in late or leave early	
Thomas Jefferson University	Individual courses – some courses have penalties others do not	
University of Pittsburgh	Open -Students may come and go as they please including walk in late or leave early	
York College of Pennsylvania	Individual courses - some courses have penalties others do not	

# Definition of Open Attendance Policy

- ➤ Variable
- >Students may miss as many classes as desired without consequence
- ➤ Students may come in late or leave early
- ➤ This does **not** apply to testing sessions
- ➤ This does **not** apply to clinical sessions

# **EBP QUESTION**

Are more structured attendance policies in the best interest of the faculty and the student and more conducive to learning than our current nonstructured attendance policy?

<b>Collecting the Evidence</b>		
Databases	Pub Med , CINAHL , Cochran , Google Scholar, reference lists, professional organizations	
Key Words	Attendance policies; faculty beliefs and values; student beliefs and values	
Search Parameters	English language, articles from 1995-2011	
# Articles	22 articles reviewed	

### Levels of Evidence

Evidence Level	Number of Articles
I: Experimental	0
II: Quasi-experimental	o
III: Non-experimental/Descriptive	2
IV: Opinion of nationally recognized experts based on scientific evidence	5
V: Opinion of nationally recognized experts based on experiential evidence.	8

\*\*22 articles reviewed. 7 articles were "C" quality and not used for recommendations.

### **EVIDENCE HIGHLIGHTS**

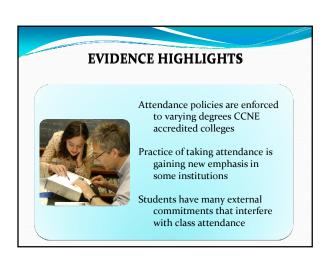


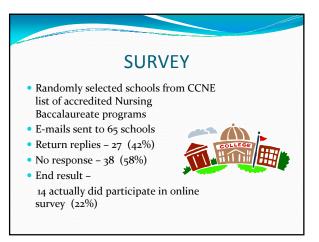
Students prefer to be given the choice when attending class

Resistance to attendance policies from faculty also

Conflicting evidence attendance policies and improved performance

Important to support 'adult' learning environment





# **SURVEY RESULTS**

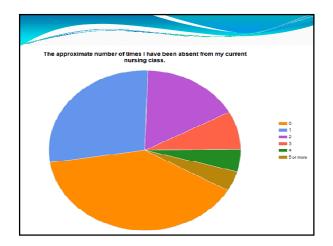
### STUDENT:

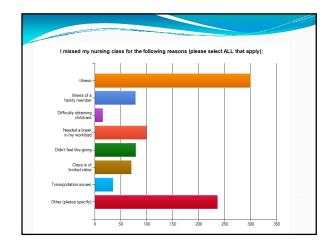
### (591 responses)

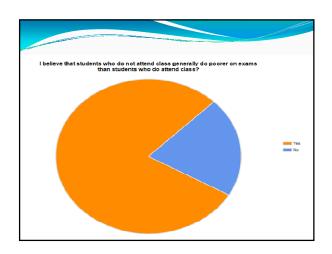
- Demographics (age, marital status, level, working, children, gender, ethnic group, GPA)
- Number of times absent
- Current Course has attendance policy
- Is this policy fair?
- Believe should be a policy for attendance

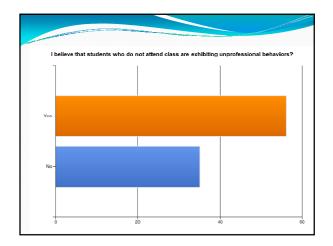
### **FACULTY:**

- (91 responses)
- Current course has attendance policy
- Believe in attendance policies
- Believe students who do not attend class are exhibiting unprofessional behavior
- Believe students who do not attend class generally do poorer overall









### **Applications to Practice**

 Continue using a structured attendance policy allowing for two absences without penalty.



•Be understanding as to students reasons for class absence.

 Class absence does affect performance and convey this relationship to students.

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# Thank You